

Japan: Back in Business

How (and why) to invest in the theme.

1. Macro

Durable inflation, positive growth, and normalizing monetary policy have laid the groundwork for an environment that is supportive for equities

2. Micro

Shareholder friendly corporate reforms and improved margins and earnings expectations have contributed to a rally in Japanese equities.

3. Positioning

A new tax scheme to incentivize investing could prompt domestic investors off the sidelines. The deployment of that cash is also attracting foreign investors who see further upside potential.

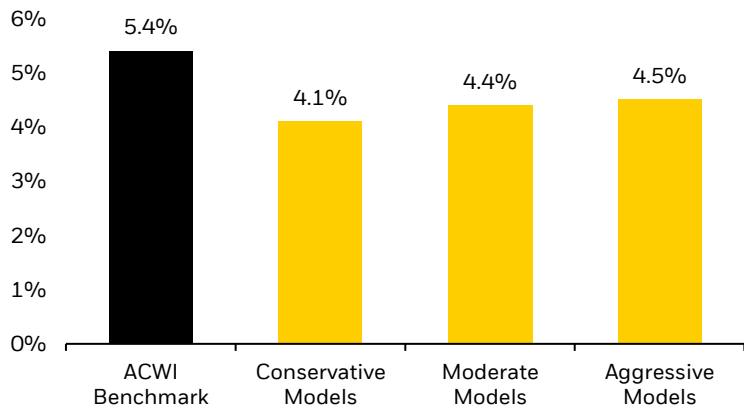
Japan is benefitting from a trio of tailwinds: a positive macro backdrop, a slate of shareholder friendly micro reforms, and a positioning impulse that has the potential to attract buyers both domestic and foreign.

The macro and micro cases for Japanese equities are explored in depth in our recent paper, found [here](#). While recent equity market performance certainly reflects a newfound optimism around the region, still-light positioning suggests that the trade may not have yet run its course.

According to data from Japan’s Ministry of Finance, foreign institutional flows have clawed their way out of negative territory, but still sit far below recent averages.

Notably absent in foreign flows, however, is the U.S. advisory community. Our data shows that asset manager model portfolios currently hold Japan at a 4.4% weight within their respective equity sleeves, well below the 5.4% in MSCI ACWI.¹ If advisors were to close that underweight, it could result in up to \$15bn of flows to the region, in addition to the \$3.5bn of ETF flows seen in the first quarter.²

Japan Allocations in U.S. Wealth Models



¹Source: Asset manager models as defined by Cerulli. As of December 31, 2023.

Coupled with the nearly \$7 trillion worth of domestic savings, current positioning points to a rally with legs and potential longer-term support.

“Japan is benefitting from a boom on three fronts. While positive developments in both the macro and micro are widely appreciated, we believe that light positioning in Japanese equities is the fuel that can keep the rally going from here.”

Gargi Pal Chaudhuri

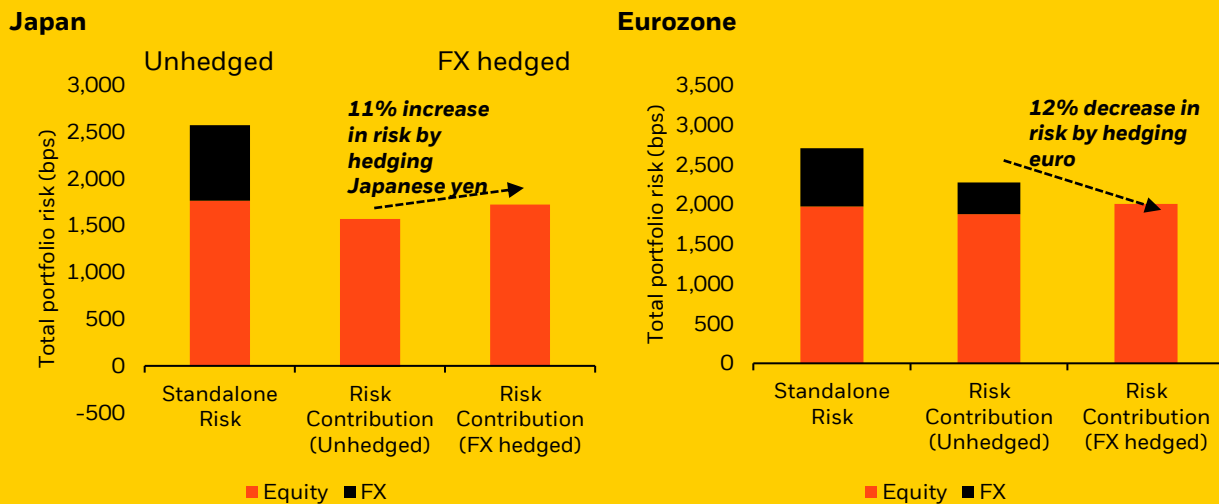
Chief Investment and Portfolio Strategist, Americas



FX HEDGING: Not every hedge reduces risk

For dollar-denominated investors, hedging away Japanese yen exposure is akin to hedging away a diversifier. Hedging yen exposure has often added risk, especially when incorporating local equity and FX correlations. As shown below, hedging JPY actually increased volatility by 11% while hedging the euro decreased volatility by 12%.

Having depreciated substantially, we see two-sided risks for the yen from here. The BoJ announced the end of its negative interest rate policy in March but has communicated its willingness to intervene should the yen weaken much beyond its current levels. We think certain investors could feel comfortable owning unhedged Japanese equities this year, but acknowledge there may be near term volatility as monetary policy in both Japan and the U.S. continues to normalize.



Source: BlackRock, as of March 2024. Indexes used are the MSCI Japan Index and MSCI Eurozone Index for non-hedged exposures, and the MSCI Japan Hedged Index and MSCI Eurozone Hedged Index for hedged exposures. Risk factors were estimated using monthly data over the past 15 years. Risk contribution is the risk decomposition of the exposure by factor taking in to account the correlations between the factors and the benefits of diversification. A basis point (bps) is one hundredth of one percent (e.g. one basis point = 0.01%). **Indexes are unmanaged and one cannot invest directly in index. Past performance does not guarantee future results.**

WAYS TO INVEST

Broad Beta: Large and mid-cap, market weighted Japan focused funds have taken in the lion’s share of flows to the region over the last year. Given their inclusion in international equity benchmarks, we expect they will continue to be the most popular way to invest in the region.

Japan Value: Years of negative rates impaired financials and other value sectors. Expectations of a return to normalized monetary policy has sparked a rotation away from growth, with value indexes outperforming since 2022.³

Japan Small Caps: Evidence of a broadening equity rally could be seen in March, with a new collection of stocks atop the leaderboard than those that had powered the index in January and February. Japanese small caps may provide more exposure to domestic consumption than their global large cap peers, providing equity returns that are less correlated with movements in the yen. As the Federal Reserve eventually starts cutting rates, a stronger USD could weigh on export focused large caps.

Active International: Style leadership in Japanese equities changes frequently, a setup which can benefit an active management style. Consistent with this, more managers are able to generate alpha in Japanese markets than in other developed markets. Investors may also prefer to take an active approach to their overall international equity allocation, delegating the management of how best to accommodate an overweight position to Japan now, and how to evolve that position from here as the Japan market evolves.

RELATED FUNDS

- EWJ** iShares® MSCI Japan ETF
- JPXN** iShares JPX-Nikkei 400 ETF
- EWJV** iShares MSCI Japan Value ETF
- SCJ** iShares MSCI Japan Small Cap ETF
- MALOX** BlackRock Global Allocation Mutual Fund
- BROIX** BlackRock Advantage International Fund

References to specific investments are for illustrative purposes only and are not intended and should not be interpreted as recommendations to purchase or sell such investments.

¹Source: Asset manager models as defined by Cerulli. As of December 31, 2023.

²Source: ETP Flow from Bloomberg. ETP categories from Market. As of March 31, 2024.

³Source: BlackRock, Bloomberg, as of March 2024. Indexes used are the MSCI Japan Index and MSCI Japan Value Net Total Return USD Index. Value outperformance measured from January 01, 2023, to March 2024.

Carefully consider the Funds' investment objectives, risk factors, and charges and expenses before investing. This and other information can be found in the Funds' prospectuses or, if available, the summary prospectuses which may be obtained by visiting www.iShares.com or www.blackrock.com. Read the prospectus carefully before investing.

Investing involves risk, including possible loss of principal.

This information should not be relied upon as research, investment advice, or a recommendation regarding any products, strategies, or any security in particular. This material is strictly for illustrative, educational, or informational purposes and is subject to change. This material does not constitute any specific legal, tax or accounting advice. Please consult with qualified professionals for this type of advice.

Stock and bond values fluctuate in price so the value of your investment can go down depending on market conditions. International investing involves risks, including risks related to foreign currency, limited liquidity, less government regulation and the possibility of substantial volatility due to adverse political, economic or other developments. These risks often are heightened for investments in emerging/developing markets and in concentrations of single countries. Asset allocation strategies do not assure profit and do not protect against loss. The funds may use derivatives to hedge its investments or to seek to enhance returns. Derivatives entail risks relating to liquidity, leverage and credit that may reduce returns and increase volatility.

Fixed income risks include interest-rate and credit risk. Typically, when interest rates rise, there is a corresponding decline in bond values. Credit risk refers to the possibility that the bond issuer will not be able to make principal and interest payments. There may be less information on the financial condition of municipal issuers than for public corporations. The market for municipal bonds may be less liquid than for taxable bonds. Some investors may be subject to federal or state income taxes or the Alternative Minimum Tax (AMT). Capital gains distributions, if any, are taxable.

Funds that concentrate investments in specific industries, sectors, markets or asset classes may underperform or be more volatile than other industries, sectors, markets or asset classes and the general securities market. Small-capitalization companies may be less stable and more susceptible to adverse developments, and their securities may be more volatile and less liquid than larger capitalization companies. There is no guarantee that any fund will pay dividends.

The iShares Funds are not sponsored, endorsed, issued, sold or promoted by MSCI Inc. or the Japan Exchange Group. Neither of these companies make any representation regarding the advisability of investing in the Funds. BlackRock is not affiliated with the companies listed above.

The iShares and BlackRock Funds are distributed by BlackRock Investments, LLC (together with its affiliates, "BlackRock").

©2024 BlackRock, Inc. or its affiliates. All Rights Reserved. **BLACKROCK** and **iSHARES** are trademarks of BlackRock, Inc. or its affiliates. All other trademarks are those of their respective owners.