

BLACKROCK INVESTMENT FUNDS

BlackRock Australian Share Fund

ARSN 088 044 222

BlackRock Australian Share Fund Plus

ARSN 088 048 588

BlackRock Balanced Fund

ARSN 088 177 897

BlackRock Equity Fund

ARSN 088 045 667

Annual Financial Report

30 June 2019

BlackRock Investment Management (Australia) Limited

13 006 165 975

Australian Financial Services Licence No 230523

BlackRock®

BlackRock Investment Funds

Annual Financial Report - 30 June 2019

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Directors' Report

The directors of BlackRock Investment Management (Australia) Limited (ABN 13 006 165 975) (the "Responsible Entity"), the Responsible Entity of BlackRock Investment Funds (the "Funds"), present their annual report together with the financial statements of the Funds, for the year ended 30 June 2019 and the auditor's report thereon. The BlackRock Investment Funds comprise of BlackRock Australian Share Fund, BlackRock Australian Share Fund Plus, BlackRock Balanced Fund, BlackRock Equity Fund.

Fund Objectives

BlackRock Australian Share Fund

The Fund aims to deliver returns that are 4-6% (before fees) per annum above those of the S&P/ASX 300 Industrials Accumulation Index-ex-top-5 stocks by market capitalisation (the "Benchmark") over rolling 3-year periods.

BlackRock Australian Share Fund Plus

The Fund aims to deliver returns that are 4-6% (before fees) per annum above those of the S&P/ASX 300 Industrials Accumulation Index-ex-top-5 stocks by market capitalisation (the "Benchmark") over rolling 3-year periods.

BlackRock Balanced Fund

The Fund aims to outperform peer performance consistent with a "growth" oriented investment strategy encompassing: a broadly diversified exposure to Australian and international assets, active asset allocation, security selection and risk management; and flexibility to deviate meaningfully from the strategic asset allocation to help manage total portfolio risk. The Fund aims to outperform its benchmark indices over a 5-year rolling period, before fees.

BlackRock Equity Fund

The BlackRock Equity Fund is fully invested in the BlackRock Australian Share Fund Plus.

The Fund aims to deliver returns that are 4-6% (before fees) per annum above those of the S&P/ASX 300 Industrials Accumulation Index-ex-top-5 stocks by market capitalisation (the "Benchmark") over rolling 3-year periods.

Principal Activities

The Funds invested in accordance with the provisions of the Funds' Constitutions.

The Funds did not have any employees during the year ended 30 June 2019 (30 June 2018: Nil).

There were no significant changes in the nature of the Funds' activities during the year ended 30 June 2019 (30 June 2018: Nil).

Directors

The following persons held office as directors of the Responsible Entity during the year or since the end of the year and up to the date of this report:

Director	Date appointed	Date resigned
M S McCorry	Appointed 2 December 2009	
A Telfer	Appointed 12 December 2013	
S Flatman	Appointed 28 January 2015	
J Collins	Appointed 29 July 2015	
D Rohe	Appointed 27 July 2016	Resigned 6 May 2019

Review and Results of Operations

During the year, the Funds continued to invest funds in accordance with target asset allocations as set out in the governing documents of the Funds and in accordance with the provisions of the Funds' Constitutions.

Directors' Report (continued)

Review and Results of Operations (continued)

Results

The performance of the Funds, as represented by the results of their operations, were as follows:

	BlackRock Australian Share Fund		BlackRock Australian Share Fund Plus	
	Year ended		Year ended	
	30 June 2019 \$'000	30 June 2018 \$'000	30 June 2019 \$'000	30 June 2018 \$'000
Profit/(loss) for the year	(13,724)	39,747	(4,432)	13,986
Distributions paid and payable	1,743	14,952	813	5,271

	BlackRock Balanced Fund		BlackRock Equity Fund	
	Year ended		Year ended	
	30 June 2019 \$'000	30 June 2018 \$'000	30 June 2019 \$'000	30 June 2018 \$'000
Profit/(loss) for the year	1,941	1,764	(1,373)	4,465
Distributions paid and payable	2,131	2,291	288	1,934

Returns

The table below demonstrates the performance of the Funds as represented by the total return.

	Returns*		
	1 Year % p.a.	3 Year % p.a.	5 Year % p.a.
BlackRock Australian Share Fund returns	(7.05)	10.30	6.56
BlackRock Australian Share Fund Plus returns	(6.56)	10.89	7.13
BlackRock Balanced Fund returns	9.86	9.36	7.24
BlackRock Equity Fund returns	(6.44)	11.05	7.31

* Returns (after fees) are calculated on the assumption that all distributions are reinvested in the Funds, and include the effect of compounding.

Directors' Report (continued)

Reconciliation of Net Asset Value for Unit Pricing Purposes to Financial Reporting Purposes

The key differences between net assets for unit pricing purposes and net assets attributed to unitholders as reported in the financial statements prepared under Australian Accounting Standards have been outlined below:

	BlackRock Australian Share Fund		BlackRock Australian Share Fund Plus	
	As at		As at	
	30 June 2019 \$'000	30 June 2018 \$'000	30 June 2019 \$'000	30 June 2018 \$'000
Net assets for Unit Pricing Purposes	163,230	193,821	58,400	67,285
<i>Timing differences</i>				
Distribution Payable	<u>(1,384)</u>	<u>(14,694)</u>	<u>(431)</u>	<u>(4,941)</u>
Net assets attributable to unitholders as at 30 June	<u>161,846</u>	<u>179,127</u>	<u>57,969</u>	<u>62,344</u>
	BlackRock Balanced Fund		BlackRock Equity Fund	
	As at		As at	
	30 June 2019 \$'000	30 June 2018 \$'000	30 June 2019 \$'000	30 June 2018 \$'000
Net assets for Unit Pricing Purposes	21,123	22,254	19,098	21,420
<i>Timing differences</i>				
Distribution Payable	<u>(2,060)</u>	<u>(2,291)</u>	<u>(166)</u>	<u>(1,823)</u>
Net assets attributable to unitholders as at 30 June	<u>19,063</u>	<u>19,963</u>	<u>18,932</u>	<u>19,597</u>

Significant Changes in State of Affairs

In the opinion of the directors, there were no significant changes in the state of affairs of the Funds that occurred during the financial year under review.

Matters Subsequent to the End of the Financial Year

Except as disclosed in the financial statements, no matter or circumstance has arisen since 30 June 2019 that has significantly affected, or may significantly affect:

- (i) the operations of the Funds in future financial years, or
- (ii) the results of those operations in future financial years, or
- (iii) the state of affairs of the Funds in future financial years.

Likely Developments and Expected Results of Operations

The Funds will continue to be managed in accordance with the investment objectives and guidelines as set out in the governing documents of the Funds and in accordance with the provisions of the Funds' Constitutions.

The results of the Funds' operations will be affected by a number of factors, including the performance of investment markets in which the Funds invest. Investment performance is not guaranteed and future returns may differ from past returns. As investment conditions change over time, past returns should not be used to predict future returns.

Further information on likely developments in the operations of the Funds and the expected results of those operations have not been included in this report because the Responsible Entity believes it would be likely to result in unreasonable prejudice to the Funds.

Directors' Report (continued)

Indemnification and Insurance of Officers and Auditor

No insurance premiums are paid for out of the assets of the Funds in regards to insurance cover provided to either the officers of the Responsible Entity or the auditor of the Funds. So long as the officers of the Responsible Entity act in accordance with the Funds' Constitutions and the Law, officers remain indemnified out of the assets of the Funds against losses incurred while acting on behalf of the Funds. The auditor of the Funds is in no way indemnified out of the assets of the Funds.

Fees Paid and Interests Held in the Funds by the Responsible Entity or its Associates

Fees paid to the Responsible Entity and its associates out of Funds' property during the year are disclosed in Note 10 of the financial statements.

No fees were paid out of Funds' property to the directors of the Responsible Entity during the year (2018: Nil). Pursuant to ASIC Corporations (Registered Schemes - Differential Fees) Instrument 2017/40, the Responsible Entity may individually negotiate fees with certain sophisticated or professional investors.

The number of interests in the Funds held by the Responsible Entity or its associates as at the end of the financial year are also disclosed in Note 10 of the financial statements.

Interests in the Funds

The movement in units on issue in the Funds during the year is disclosed in Note 6 of the financial statements.

Value of Assets

The value of the Funds' assets and liabilities is disclosed on the Statements of Financial Position and derived using the basis set out in Note 2 of the financial statements.

Environmental Regulation

The operations of the Funds are not subject to any particular or significant environmental regulations under either Commonwealth, State or Territory law.

Rounding of Amounts

The Funds are registered schemes of a kind referred to in ASIC Corporations (Rounding in Financial/Directors' Report) Instrument 2016/191, issued by the Australian Securities and Investments Commission relating to the "rounding off" of amounts in the directors' report and financial statements. Amounts in the directors' report and the financial statements have been rounded to the nearest thousand in accordance with ASIC Corporations (Rounding in Financial/Directors' Reports) Instrument 2016/191, unless otherwise indicated.

Additional Disclosure

The Funds have applied the relief available in ASIC Corporations (Disclosing Entities) Instrument 2015/839 issued by the Australian Securities and Investments Commission in the preparation of this report. This class order allows registered schemes with a common responsible entity to include their financial statements in adjacent columns in a single financial report.

The Funds have applied the relief available in ASIC Corporations (Directors' Report Relief) Instrument 2016/188 issued by the Australian Securities and Investments Commission in the preparation of this report. Accordingly, the additional information otherwise required to be included in the directors' report has been disclosed in Notes 5, 6 and 10 of the financial statements.

Directors' Report (continued)

Auditor's Independence Declaration

A copy of the auditor's independence declaration as required under Section 307C of the *Corporations Act 2001* is set out on page 6.

The financial statements were authorised for issue by the directors on 18 September 2019.

This report is made in accordance with a resolution of the directors.



Director
S Flatman

Sydney
18 September 2019

18 September 2019

The Board of Directors
BlackRock Investment Management (Australia) Limited
Level 26, 101 Collins Street
Melbourne, VIC 3000

Dear Directors

BlackRock Australian Share Fund, BlackRock Australian Share Fund Plus, BlackRock Balanced Fund, and BlackRock Equity Fund (collectively "BlackRock Investment Funds")

In accordance with section 307C of the *Corporations Act 2001*, I am pleased to provide the following declaration of independence to the directors of BlackRock Investment Management (Australia) Limited as Responsible Entity of BlackRock Investment Funds.

As lead audit partner for the audit of the financial reports of BlackRock Investment Funds for the financial year ended 30 June 2019, I declare that to the best of my knowledge and belief, there have been no contraventions of:

- (i) the auditor independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001* in relation to the audit; and
- (ii) any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.

Yours sincerely



DELOITTE TOUCHE TOHMATSU



Neil Brown
Partner
Chartered Accountants

Statements of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income

	Notes	BlackRock Australian Share Fund		BlackRock Australian Share Fund Plus	
		Year ended		Year ended	
		30 June 2019	30 June 2018	30 June 2019	30 June 2018
		\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Investment income					
Interest income		8	9	2	2
Distribution from related schemes	10	4,968	15,983	1,768	5,544
Net gains/(losses) on financial instruments held at fair value through profit or loss (including FX gains/(losses))	4	(15,473)	27,254	(5,368)	9,318
Fee rebates from related schemes	10	-	-	-	-
Other income		3	-	-	-
Total net investment income/(loss)		(10,494)	43,246	(3,598)	14,864
Expenses					
Management fees	10	2,653	2,872	643	679
Custody movement fees		2	4	1	2
Other expenses		575	623	190	197
Total operating expenses		3,230	3,499	834	878
Profit/(loss) for the year		(13,724)	39,747	(4,432)	13,986
Other comprehensive income		-	-	-	-
Total comprehensive income for the year		(13,724)	39,747	(4,432)	13,986

The above Statements of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

Statements of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income (continued)

	Notes	BlackRock Balanced Fund		BlackRock Equity Fund	
		Year ended		Year ended	
		30 June 2019 \$'000	30 June 2018 \$'000	30 June 2019 \$'000	30 June 2018 \$'000
Investment income					
Interest income		-	-	-	-
Distribution from related schemes	10	1,990	2,097	264	1,678
Net gains/(losses) on financial instruments held at fair value through profit or loss (including FX gains/(losses))	4	161	(106)	(1,663)	2,758
Fee rebates from related schemes	10	176	196	284	295
Other income		-	-	-	-
Total net investment income/(loss)		2,327	2,187	(1,115)	4,731
Expenses					
Management fees	10	361	398	207	215
Custody movement fees		1	2	-	1
Other expenses		24	23	51	50
Total operating expenses		386	423	258	266
Profit/(loss) for the year		1,941	1,764	(1,373)	4,465
Other comprehensive income		-	-	-	-
Total comprehensive income for the year		1,941	1,764	(1,373)	4,465

The above Statements of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

Statements of Financial Position

	Notes	BlackRock Australian Share Fund		BlackRock Australian Share Fund Plus	
		As at		As at	
		30 June 2019	30 June 2018	30 June 2019	30 June 2018
		\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	12(b)	581	723	175	204
Financial assets held at fair value through profit or loss	7	160,942	180,499	57,668	62,710
Receivables	8	<u>2,367</u>	<u>13,299</u>	<u>797</u>	<u>4,638</u>
Total assets		<u>163,890</u>	<u>194,521</u>	<u>58,640</u>	<u>67,552</u>
Liabilities					
Distribution payable	5	1,384	14,694	431	4,941
Payables	9	<u>660</u>	<u>700</u>	<u>240</u>	<u>267</u>
Total liabilities		<u>2,044</u>	<u>15,394</u>	<u>671</u>	<u>5,208</u>
Net assets attributable to unitholders - equity	6	<u>161,846</u>	<u>179,127</u>	<u>57,969</u>	<u>62,344</u>
	Notes	BlackRock Balanced Fund		BlackRock Equity Fund	
		As at		As at	
		30 June 2019	30 June 2018	30 June 2019	30 June 2018
		\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	12(b)	36	37	10	3
Financial assets held at fair value through profit or loss	7	19,305	20,155	18,956	19,854
Receivables	8	<u>1,861</u>	<u>2,180</u>	<u>189</u>	<u>1,627</u>
Total assets		<u>21,202</u>	<u>22,372</u>	<u>19,155</u>	<u>21,484</u>
Liabilities					
Distribution payable	5	2,060	2,291	166	1,823
Payables	9	<u>79</u>	<u>118</u>	<u>57</u>	<u>64</u>
Total liabilities		<u>2,139</u>	<u>2,409</u>	<u>223</u>	<u>1,887</u>
Net assets attributable to unitholders - equity	6	<u>19,063</u>	<u>19,963</u>	<u>18,932</u>	<u>19,597</u>

The above Statements of Financial Position should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

Statements of Changes in Equity

	Notes	BlackRock Australian Share Fund		BlackRock Australian Share Fund Plus	
		Year ended		Year ended	
		30 June 2019	30 June 2018	30 June 2019	30 June 2018
		\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Total equity at the beginning of the financial year		179,127	-	62,344	-
Reclassification due to AMIT tax regime implementation*		-	161,583	-	55,904
Comprehensive income for the year					
Profit/(loss) for the year		(13,724)	39,747	(4,432)	13,986
Other comprehensive income		-	-	-	-
Total comprehensive income for the year		(13,724)	39,747	(4,432)	13,986
Transactions with unitholders					
Applications	6	132	762	92	513
Redemptions	6	(12,682)	(15,181)	(3,196)	(5,382)
Units issued upon reinvestment of distributions	6	10,736	7,168	3,974	2,594
Distributions paid and payable	5	(1,743)	(14,952)	(813)	(5,271)
Total transactions with unitholders		(3,557)	(22,203)	57	(7,546)
Total equity at the end of the financial year		161,846	179,127	57,969	62,344

	Notes	BlackRock Balanced Fund		BlackRock Equity Fund	
		Year ended		Year ended	
		30 June 2019	30 June 2018	30 June 2019	30 June 2018
		\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Total equity at the beginning of the financial year		19,963	-	19,597	-
Reclassification due to AMIT tax regime implementation*		-	20,763	-	16,986
Comprehensive income for the year					
Profit/(loss) for the year		1,941	1,764	(1,373)	4,465
Other comprehensive income		-	-	-	-
Total comprehensive income for the year		1,941	1,764	(1,373)	4,465
Transactions with unitholders					
Applications	6	16	150	10	10
Redemptions	6	(2,426)	(2,267)	(535)	(1,270)
Units issued upon reinvestment of distributions	6	1,700	1,844	1,521	1,340
Distributions paid and payable	5	(2,131)	(2,291)	(288)	(1,934)
Total transactions with unitholders		(2,841)	(2,564)	708	(1,854)
Total equity at the end of the financial year		19,063	19,963	18,932	19,597

* Effective from 1 July 2017, the Funds' units have been reclassified from financial liability to equity. Refer to Note 2 for further details.

The above Statements of Changes in Equity should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

Statements of Cash Flows

	Notes	BlackRock Australian Share Fund		BlackRock Australian Share Fund Plus	
		Year ended		Year ended	
		30 June 2019	30 June 2018	30 June 2019	30 June 2018
		\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
<i>Cash flows from operating activities</i>					
Proceeds from sale of financial instruments held at fair value through profit or loss		15,887	18,744	4,003	6,299
Purchase of financial instruments held at fair value through profit or loss		(70)	(481)	(45)	-
Interest received		8	8	2	2
Distributions received from related schemes		4,159	2,652	1,323	529
Fee rebates from related schemes received		-	-	-	-
Other income received		3	-	-	-
Management fees paid		(2,722)	(2,822)	(656)	(666)
Operating expenses paid		(621)	(594)	(190)	(188)
<i>Net cash inflow/(outflow) from operating activities</i>	12(a)	<u>16,644</u>	<u>17,507</u>	<u>4,437</u>	<u>5,976</u>
<i>Cash flows from financing activities</i>					
Proceeds from applications by unitholders		132	762	92	513
Payments for redemptions by unitholders		(12,601)	(15,288)	(3,209)	(5,389)
Distributions paid		(4,317)	(2,918)	(1,349)	(1,069)
<i>Net cash inflow/(outflow) from financing activities</i>		<u>(16,786)</u>	<u>(17,444)</u>	<u>(4,466)</u>	<u>(5,945)</u>
<i>Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents</i>		(142)	63	(29)	31
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year		<u>723</u>	<u>660</u>	<u>204</u>	<u>173</u>
<i>Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year</i>	12(b)	<u><u>581</u></u>	<u><u>723</u></u>	<u><u>175</u></u>	<u><u>204</u></u>
Non cash operating activities	12(a)	<u>11,859</u>	<u>11,715</u>	<u>4,260</u>	<u>4,437</u>
Non cash financing activities	12(c)	<u>10,736</u>	<u>7,168</u>	<u>3,974</u>	<u>2,594</u>

The above Statements of Cash Flows should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

Statements of Cash Flows (continued)

	Notes	BlackRock Balanced Fund		BlackRock Equity Fund	
		Year ended		Year ended	
		30 June 2019	30 June 2018	30 June 2019	30 June 2018
		\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
<i>Cash flows from operating activities</i>					
Proceeds from sale of financial instruments held at fair value through profit or loss		2,735	2,477	559	1,282
Purchase of financial instruments held at fair value through profit or loss		(8)	(121)	(25)	(19)
Interest received		-	-	-	-
Distributions received from related schemes		591	782	398	388
Fee rebates from related schemes received		178	202	289	289
Other income received		-	-	-	-
Management fees paid		(365)	(407)	(210)	(210)
Operating expenses paid		(28)	(26)	(55)	(48)
<i>Net cash inflow/(outflow) from operating activities</i>	12(a)	<u>3,103</u>	<u>2,907</u>	<u>956</u>	<u>1,682</u>
<i>Cash flows from financing activities</i>					
Proceeds from applications by unitholders		16	150	10	10
Payments for redemptions by unitholders		(2,458)	(2,222)	(535)	(1,270)
Distributions paid		(662)	(838)	(424)	(421)
<i>Net cash inflow/(outflow) from financing activities</i>		<u>(3,104)</u>	<u>(2,910)</u>	<u>(949)</u>	<u>(1,681)</u>
<i>Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents</i>		(1)	(3)	7	1
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year		<u>37</u>	<u>40</u>	<u>3</u>	<u>2</u>
<i>Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year</i>	12(b)	<u><u>36</u></u>	<u><u>37</u></u>	<u><u>10</u></u>	<u><u>3</u></u>
Non cash operating activities	12(a)	<u>1,682</u>	<u>1,406</u>	<u>1,299</u>	<u>765</u>
Non cash financing activities	12(c)	<u>1,700</u>	<u>1,844</u>	<u>1,521</u>	<u>1,340</u>

The above Statements of Cash Flows should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

1 General Information

These financial statements cover BlackRock Australian Share Fund, BlackRock Australian Share Fund Plus, BlackRock Balanced Fund and BlackRock Equity Fund (the “Funds”) as individual entities. The Funds were constituted on 26 May 1988, 11 October 1983, 22 November 1985 and 6 December 1993 respectively. The Funds will terminate on the eightieth anniversary of the day the Funds commenced, unless terminated in accordance with the provisions of the Funds’ Constitutions.

The Responsible Entity of the Funds is BlackRock Investment Management (Australia) Limited (the “Responsible Entity”). The Responsible Entity’s registered office is Level 26, 101 Collins Street, Melbourne, VIC 3000.

The financial statements were authorised for issue by the directors on 18 September 2019. The directors of the Responsible Entity have the power to amend and reissue the financial statements.

The financial statements are presented in the Australian currency.

2 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all years presented, unless otherwise stated in the following text.

(a) Statement of Compliance and Basis of Preparation

These general purpose financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and other authoritative pronouncements issued by the Accounting Standards Board and the *Corporations Act 2001* in Australia. The Funds are for-profit unit trusts for the purpose of preparing the financial statements.

The financial statements are prepared on the basis of historical costs, except for financial assets and financial liabilities held at fair value through profit or loss, that are measured at fair value.

The Statements of Financial Position are presented on a liquidity basis. Assets and liabilities are presented in decreasing order of liquidity and are not distinguished between current and non-current. All balances are expected to be recovered or settled within twelve months, except for investments in financial assets at fair value through profit or loss and net assets attributable to unitholders. The amount expected to be recovered or settled within twelve months after the end of each reporting period cannot be reliably determined.

On 5 May 2016, a new tax regime applying to Managed Investment Trusts (“MITs”) was established under the *Tax Laws Amendment (New Tax System for Managed Investment Trusts) Act 2016*. The Attribution Managed Investment Trust (“AMIT”) regime allows MITs that meet certain requirements to make an irrevocable choice to be an AMIT. In order to allow the Fund to elect into the AMIT tax regime, the Fund’s Constitution has been amended and the other conditions to adopt the AMIT tax regime have been met effective 1 July 2017. The Responsible Entity is therefore no longer contractually obligated to pay distributions. Consequently, the units in the Fund have been reclassified from a financial liability to equity on 1 July 2017.

(i) Compliance with International Financial Reporting Standards

The financial statements of the Funds also comply with International Financial Reporting Standards as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board.

(ii) New and amended standards adopted by the Funds

The Funds have adopted the following new accounting standards and interpretations, which became effective for the financial year beginning 1 July 2018. The adoption did not have material impact on the current period and is not likely to affect future periods.

(a) AASB 9 Financial Instruments (and applicable amendments), (effective from 1 January 2018)

AASB 9 Financial Instruments addresses the classification, measurement and derecognition of financial assets and financial liabilities. It has now also introduced revised rules around hedge accounting. The Responsible Entity has assessed the impact of AASB 9 on the Funds’ financial statements and determined:

- Fair value remains the most relevant information in asset performance evaluation for debt securities. The classification of debt instruments at fair value through profit or loss continues and will not result in reclassification to amortised cost or fair value through other comprehensive income.
- All other financial assets and liabilities continue to be held at fair value through profit or loss.

2 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

(a) Statement of Compliance and Basis of Preparation (continued)

(ii) New and amended standards adopted by the Funds (continued)

(a) AASB 9 Financial Instruments (and applicable amendments), (effective from 1 January 2018) (continued)

The derecognition rules have not changed from the previous requirements, and the Funds do not apply hedge accounting. The adoption of AASB 9 does not have a significant impact on the recognition and measurement of the Funds' financial instruments.

There are no expected credit losses included in receivables as at 30 June 2019 (30 June 2018: Nil).

(b) AASB 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers (effective from 1 January 2018)

The AASB has issued a new standard for the recognition of revenue. This replaces AASB 118 which covers contracts for goods and services and AASB 111 which covers construction contracts.

The new standard is based on the principle that revenue is recognised when control of a good or service transfers to a customer - so the notion of control replaces the existing notion of risks and rewards.

The Funds' main sources of income are interest, dividends and gains on financial instruments held at fair value. All of these are outside the scope of the new revenue standard.

There are no other new standards, interpretations or amendments to existing standards that are effective for the first time for the financial year beginning 1 July 2018 that would be expected to have a material impact on the Funds.

(iii) Investment in Subsidiaries

The Funds have determined that they meet the definition of an investment entity in accordance with AASB 10 *Consolidated Financial Statements*. The Funds do not control any of the entities where they have an investment and therefore does not prepare consolidated financial statements. Instead the investments are accounted for at fair value through profit or loss as discussed in Note 2(b).

The Funds receive income in the form of distributions or interest from their investments in unconsolidated subsidiaries, and there are no significant restrictions on the transfer of funds from these entities to the Funds. The Funds have no contractual commitments or current intentions to provide any other financial or other support to their unconsolidated subsidiaries.

(b) Financial Instruments

(i) Classification

The Funds' investments are classified as at fair value through profit or loss. They comprise:

- Derivative financial instruments such as futures, forward foreign exchange contracts, options and swaps. The Funds do not designate any derivatives as hedges in a hedging relationship.
- Investments in listed equities, listed unit trusts, unlisted unit trusts, interest bearing securities and money market securities.

Financial assets and financial liabilities held at fair value through profit or loss are those that are managed and their performance evaluated on a fair value basis in accordance with the Funds' documented investment strategy. The Funds' policy is for the Responsible Entity to evaluate the information about these financial instruments on a fair value basis together with other related financial information.

Short sales are classified as financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss. Short sales are where borrowed securities are sold in anticipation of a decline in the market value of those securities and are made or may be used for various arbitrage transactions.

(ii) Recognition/derecognition

The Funds recognise financial assets and financial liabilities on the date they become party to the contractual agreement (trade date) and recognise changes in fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities from this date.

Investments are derecognised when the right to receive cash flows from the investments has expired or the Funds have transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership.

2 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

(b) Financial Instruments (continued)

(iii) Measurement

Financial assets and liabilities held at fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets and liabilities held at fair value through profit or loss are measured initially at fair value excluding any transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of the financial asset or financial liability. Transaction costs on financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are expensed immediately. Subsequent to initial recognition, all instruments held at fair value through profit or loss are measured at fair value with changes in their fair value recognised in the Statements of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income.

- Fair value in an active market

The fair value of financial assets and liabilities traded in active markets is based on their quoted market prices at the end of the reporting date without any deduction for estimated future selling costs. The quoted market price used for financial assets and financial liabilities held by the Funds is the last traded market price.

- Fair value in an inactive or unquoted market

The fair value of financial assets and liabilities that are not traded in an active market is determined using valuation techniques. These include the use of recent arm's length market transactions, reference to the current fair value of a substantially similar instrument, discounted cash flow techniques, option pricing models or any other valuation technique that provides a reliable estimate of prices obtained in actual market transactions.

Accordingly, there may be a difference between the fair value at initial recognition and amounts determined using a valuation technique. If such a difference exists, the Funds recognise the difference in the Statements of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income to reflect a change in factors, including time, that market participants would consider in setting a price.

Investments in other unlisted unit trusts are recorded at the net asset value per unit as reported by the Responsible Entity of such funds.

(c) Offsetting Financial Instruments

Financial assets and liabilities are reported on a gross basis in the Statements of Financial Position. Where there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously on default or in the ordinary course of business, the financial assets and liabilities will be offset and reported on a net basis in notes to the financial statements.

(d) Net Assets Attributable to Unitholders

Units are redeemable at the unitholders' option, however, application and redemptions may be suspended by the Responsible Entity if it is in the best interests of the unitholders.

The units can be put back to the Funds at any time for cash based on the redemption price, which is equal to a proportionate share of the Funds' net asset value attributable to the unitholders.

The units are carried at the redemption amount that is payable at balance sheet date if the holder exercises the right to put the unit back to the Funds. This amount represents the expected cash flows on redemption of these units.

Units are classified as equity when they satisfy the following criteria under AASB 132 *Financial instruments: Presentation*:

- the puttable financial instrument entitles the holder to a pro-rata share of net assets in the event of the Funds' liquidation;
- the puttable financial instrument is in the class of instruments that is subordinate to all other classes of instruments and class features are identical;
- the puttable financial instrument does not include any contractual obligations to deliver cash or another financial asset, or to exchange financial instruments with another entity under potentially unfavorable conditions to the Funds, and it is not a contract settled in the Funds' own equity instruments; and
- the total expected cash flows attributable to the puttable financial instrument over the life are based substantially on the profit or loss.

The Funds' units have been classified as equity as they satisfied all the above criteria.

2 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

(e) Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents may include cash on hand, deposits held at call with financial institutions, other short-term, highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts and cash will be netted off on the Statements of Financial Position if both are present.

Payments and receipts relating to the purchase and sale of investment securities are classified as cash flows from operating activities as movements in the fair value of these securities represent the Funds' main income generating activity.

(f) Margin Accounts

Margin accounts comprise of cash held for derivative transactions and short sales. The cash is held by the broker and is only available to meet margin calls. Unrestricted margin account balances and restricted margin accounts balances, where the derivative transactions' original maturities are within three months, are classified as cash and cash equivalents. Restricted margin accounts where the derivative transactions' original maturities are not within three months are classified as cash held on collateral.

(g) Investment Income and Expenses

Interest income and expenses are recognised in the Statements of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income for all interest bearing securities using the effective interest method. Interest income on assets held at fair value through profit or loss is included in the net gains/(losses) on financial instruments. Other changes in fair value for such instruments are recorded in accordance with the policies described in Note 2(b).

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial asset or financial liability and of allocating the interest income or interest expense over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash payments or receipts throughout the expected life of the financial instrument, or a shorter period where appropriate, to the net carrying amount of the financial asset or liability. When calculating the effective interest rate, the Funds estimate cash flows, considering all contractual terms of the financial instrument (for example, prepayment options), but do not consider future credit losses.

The calculation includes all fees and points paid or received between the parties to the contract that are an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs and all other premiums or discounts.

Dividend income is recognised on the ex-dividend date. The Funds may incur withholding tax imposed by certain countries on investment income. Such income is recorded net of withholding tax in the Statements of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income. If a portion of the foreign withholding taxes is reclaimable, it is recorded as an asset.

Trust distributions are recognised on an entitlements basis.

Dividends declared on securities sold short are recorded as a dividend expense on the ex-dividend date.

(h) Expenses

All expenses, including management fees and performance fees, are recognised in the Statements of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income on an accruals basis.

(i) Income Tax

Under current legislation, the Funds are not subject to income tax provided the taxable income of the Funds are attributed either by way of cash or reinvestment (i.e. unitholders are presently entitled to the income of the Funds).

The benefit of imputation credits and foreign tax paid are passed on to unitholders.

(j) Distributions to Unitholders

In accordance with the Funds' Constitutions, the Funds attribute their taxable income, and any other amounts determined by the Responsible Entity, to unitholders by cash or reinvestment. The distributions are recognised in the Statements of Changes in Equity as distributions paid and payable.

2 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

(k) Increase/Decrease in Net Assets Attributable to Unitholders

Movements in net assets attributable to unitholders are recognised in the Statements of Changes in Equity for the current year ended 30 June 2019.

(l) Foreign Currency Translation

(i) *Functional and presentation currency*

Items included in the Funds' financial statements are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which it operates (the "functional currency"). This is the Australian Dollar, which reflects the currency of the economy in which the Funds compete for funds and is regulated. The Australian Dollar is also the Funds' presentation currency.

(ii) *Transactions and balances*

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the date of the transactions. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translations at year end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in the Statements of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income.

The Funds do not isolate that portion of gains or losses on securities and derivative financial instruments which is due to changes in foreign exchange rates from that which is due to changes in the market price of securities. Such fluctuations are included with the net gains or losses on financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss.

Non-monetary items that are measured at fair value in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the date when the fair value was determined. Translation differences on assets and liabilities carried at fair value are reported as part of the fair value gain or loss.

(m) Receivables

Receivables may include amounts for dividends, interest, trust distributions, amounts due from brokers and applications receivable. Dividends and trust distributions are accrued when the right to receive payment is established. Interest is accrued at the end of the reporting date from the time of the last payment using the effective interest rate method. Amounts due from brokers represent receivables for securities that have been contracted for but not yet delivered by the end of the reporting date. Applications receivable are recorded when the applications are made for units in the Funds with the consideration yet to be received as at the end of the reporting date.

Collectability of trade receivables is reviewed on an ongoing basis. Debts which are known to be uncollectible are written off by reducing the carrying amount directly. An allowance account (provision for impairment of trade receivables) is used when there is objective evidence that the Funds will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the receivables. Significant financial difficulties of the debtor, probability that the debtor will enter bankruptcy or financial reorganisation, and default or delinquency in payments (more than 30 days overdue) are considered indicators that the trade receivable is impaired. The amount of the impairment allowance is the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows, discounted at the original effective interest rate. Cash flows relating to short term receivables are not discounted if the effect of discounting is immaterial.

The amount of the impairment loss is recognised in the Statements of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income within other expenses. When a trade receivable for which an impairment allowance had been recognised becomes uncollectible in a subsequent period, it is written off against the allowance account. Subsequent recoveries of amounts previously written off are credited against other expenses in the Statements of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income.

(n) Payables

Payables include liabilities and accrued expenses owing by the Funds and redemptions payable which are unpaid as at the end of the reporting period.

Trades are recorded on trade date, and normally settled within three business days. Purchases of financial instruments that are unsettled at reporting date are included in payables. Redemptions payable are recognised when the unitholder returns their holdings back into the Funds foregoing all rights associated with the units, with the payment yet to be released.

The distribution amount payable to unitholders as at reporting date is recognised separately on the Statements of Financial Position when unitholders are presently entitled to the distributable income under the Funds' Constitutions.

2 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

(o) Applications and Redemptions

Applications received for units in the Funds are recorded net of any entry fees payable prior to the issue of units in the Funds. Redemptions from the Funds are recorded gross of any exit fees payable after the cancellation of units redeemed.

Unit redemption prices are determined by reference to the net assets for unit pricing purposes of the Funds, divided by the number of units on issue at or immediately prior to close of business each day. Applications and redemptions of units are processed simultaneously.

(p) Goods and Services Tax (GST)

The GST incurred on the costs of various services provided to the Funds by third parties such as custodial services and investment management fees have been passed onto the Funds. The Funds qualify for Reduced Input Tax Credits (RITC) hence, investment management fees, custodial fees and other expenses have been recognised in the Statements of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income net of the amount of GST recoverable from the Australian Taxation Office (ATO). Accounts payable and accrued expenses are inclusive of GST. The net amount of GST recoverable from the ATO is included in receivables in the Statements of Financial Position. Cash flows relating to GST are included in the Statements of Cash Flows on a gross basis.

(q) New Accounting Standards and Interpretations

There are no standards that are not yet effective and that are expected to have a material impact on the Funds in the current or future reporting periods and on foreseeable future transactions.

(r) Use of Estimates and Critical Accounting Judgments

The Funds make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year. Estimates are continually evaluated and based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

For the majority of the Funds' financial instruments, quoted market prices are readily available. However, certain financial instruments, for example, over the counter derivatives or unquoted securities are fair valued using valuation techniques. Where valuation techniques (for example, pricing models) are used to determine fair values, they are validated and periodically reviewed by experienced personnel of the Responsible Entity, independent of the area that created them. Models are calibrated by back-testing to actual transactions to ensure that outputs are reliable.

Models use observable data, to the extent practicable. However, areas such as credit risk (both own and counterparty), volatilities and correlations require management to make estimates. Changes in assumptions about these factors could affect the reported fair value of financial instruments.

For certain other financial instruments, including amounts due from/to brokers and payables, the carrying amounts approximate fair value due to the immediate or short term nature of these financial instruments.

(s) Rounding of Amounts

The Funds are registered schemes of a kind referred to in ASIC Corporations (Rounding in Financial/Directors' Reports) Instrument 2016/191, issued by the Australian Securities and Investments Commission relating to the "rounding off" of amounts in the directors' report and financial statements. Amounts in the directors' report and financial statements have been rounded to the nearest thousand in accordance with ASIC Corporations (Rounding in Financial/Directors' Reports) Instrument 2016/191, unless otherwise indicated.

(t) Cash Held on Collateral

Cash held on collateral includes restricted margin accounts where the derivative transactions' original maturities are not within three months as well as restricted cash for short sales. Short positions are taken on securities which have relatively poor return expectations. To facilitate settlement, securities are borrowed with collateral requirements. These requirements are satisfied with cash and/or other securities. Cash used to satisfy collateral requirements is disclosed as cash held on collateral on the Statement of Financial Position.

3 Financial Risk Management

The Funds' activities expose them to a variety of financial risks: credit risk, liquidity risk, and market risk (including price risk, currency risk and interest rate risk). The Funds' overall risk management program focuses on ensuring compliance with the Funds' Product Disclosure Statements and seeks to maximise the returns derived for the level of risk to which the Funds are exposed. The Funds may use derivative financial instruments to moderate and create certain risk exposures. Financial risk management is carried out by the Investment Risk Management Working Group (IRMWG) under policies approved by the Board of Directors of the Responsible Entity (the "Board").

The Funds use different methods to measure different types of risk to which they are exposed. These methods include Value at Risk ("VaR") analysis in the case of interest rate, foreign exchange and other price risks and ratings analysis for credit risk. VaR analysis is explained in Note 3(b).

(a) Market Risk

(i) Price Risk

The Funds are exposed to price risk. This arises from investments held by the Funds for which prices in the future are uncertain. They are classified in the Statements of Financial Position as fair value through profit or loss. Where non-monetary financial instruments are denominated in currencies other than the Australian Dollar, the price in the future will also fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates. Note 3(a)(ii) below sets out how this component of price risk is managed and measured. All securities investments present a risk of loss of capital. Except for equities sold short and derivative instruments, the maximum risk resulting from financial instruments is determined by the fair value of the financial instruments. Possible losses from equities sold short can be unlimited.

Market risk is managed and monitored by the Responsible Entity on a portfolio basis, with risks managed through ensuring that investment activities are undertaken in accordance with the Funds' investment model which is reviewed and updated regularly.

The Responsible Entity continuously monitors the Funds' holdings relative to the recommended portfolio, and the exposure of the Funds are monitored to ensure that it remains within designated ranges or asset allocation constraints, taking into account any derivative position being used to manage risks.

In addition, the IRMWG regularly reviews the Funds to ensure the Funds are following the appropriate investment model, their portfolio is in accordance with its stated guidelines and restrictions, and the performance of the Funds remains in expected bounds.

The summarised VaR analysis in Note 3(b) explains how the risk is measured and summarises the potential exposure of the Funds' net assets attributable to unitholders.

(ii) Foreign Exchange Risk

The direct investments held by the Funds do not have any direct exposure to foreign exchange risk. This disclosure has not been made on a look through basis for investments held directly through underlying investments. The disclosure of foreign exchange risk may not present the true foreign exchange risk profile of the Funds where the underlying investments have significant exposure to foreign exchange risk.

The summarised VaR analysis in Note 3(b) explains how the risk is measured and summarises the potential exposure of the Funds' net assets attributable to unitholders.

(iii) Interest Rate Risk

The majority of the Funds' financial assets and liabilities are non-interest bearing. As a result, the Funds are not subject to significant amounts of risk due to fluctuations in the prevailing levels of markets interest rates.

3 Financial Risk Management (continued)

(a) Market Risk (continued)

(iii) Interest Rate Risk (continued)

The Funds' exposure to cash flow interest rate risk is limited to their cash and cash equivalents which are floating rate interest bearing investments. As at 30 June 2019 the total investment in cash accounts of the Funds is set out in the following table:

	30 June 2019	30 June 2018
	\$	\$
BlackRock Australian Share Fund	581,188	722,689
BlackRock Australian Share Fund Plus	174,652	203,780
BlackRock Balanced Fund	36,436	37,135
BlackRock Equity Fund	9,969	3,478

Interest rate risk is mitigated through ensuring activities are transacted in accordance with mandates, overall investment strategy and within approved limits.

The summarised VaR analysis in Note 3(b) explains how the risk is measured and summarises the potential exposure of the Funds' net assets attributable to unitholders.

The disclosure for the Funds has not been made on a look through basis for investments held indirectly through the underlying fund. The disclosure of interest rate risk may not present the true interest rate risk profile of the Funds where the underlying fund has significant exposure to interest rate risk.

(b) Summarised VaR Analysis

Value at Risk (VaR) is a risk model used to estimate the potential losses that could occur on the Funds' net asset value position due to movements in interest rates, currency and market prices over a given period and for a specified degree of confidence.

The Responsible Entity uses VaR analysis and/or tracking error estimates to measure and manage risk as these are commonly used and understood models, are easily interpreted and are consistent across different types, asset classes and types of funds. For the purpose of these accounts VaR analysis has been presented. The objective in all cases is to estimate potential losses and manage the downside risk.

The following tables summarise the outputs of the VaR model in relation to interest rate, currency and price risk exposures. The total VaR figures are not the sum of individual risk components as this does not include correlations between different risk factors.

The Responsible Entity calculates the VaR relative to the Funds' total value. The analysis implies that the Manager can be 95% confident that the value of the portfolio will not decrease by any more than the figures in the table below over the 5 day period from 30 June.

		BlackRock Australian Share Fund			
		2019		2018	
		\$'000^	%	\$'000^	%
Total Portfolio Risk		4,240	2.62	4,263	2.38

		BlackRock Australian Share Fund Plus			
		2019		2018	
		\$'000^	%	\$'000^	%
Total Portfolio Risk		1,519	2.62	1,490	2.39

		BlackRock Balanced Fund			
		2019		2018	
		\$'000^	%	\$'000^	%
Total Portfolio Risk		257	1.35	272	1.36

3 Financial Risk Management (continued)

(b) Summarised VaR Analysis (continued)

	BlackRock Equity Fund			
	2019		2018	
	\$'000 [^]	%	\$'000 [^]	%
Total Portfolio Risk	496	2.62	468	2.39

[^]VaR has been calculated on Net Assets Attributable to Unitholders before rounding.

Detailed information about the models

There are a number of different VaR models used within the Funds Management industry. The Responsible Entity uses one or more of ex-ante and ex-post estimates of portfolio risk and the Monte Carlo simulation model depending on the fund type. Models are calculated using historical data and a covariance matrix where applicable.

The models used by the Responsible Entity have the following features:

- VaR is calculated to a 95 per cent confidence level. VaR at a confidence level identifies the maximum expected loss under that confidence level;
- VaR is calculated for a 5 day holding period. The time horizon of five days is selected to coincide with the period used to analyse the portfolio positions. The risk data is examined in various daily, weekly and monthly forums; and
- The portfolio VaR is not the simple sum of individual asset stand alone VaRs; the correlations among assets in the portfolio are considered.

Although VaR is a valuable risk management tool it should be interpreted, as with all predictive models, with consideration to its assumptions and limitations. The main assumptions and limitations are listed below:

- Some models assumes certain financial variables are normally distributed: The normality assumption allows the Responsible Entity to scale portfolio risk estimates to the appropriate confidence levels. The normality assumption is derived from statistical analysis for examining sample populations of observations and the implications of not assuming normality would preclude the use of most statistical tools including mainstream commercial models for risk measurement.
- The use of historical returns and correlations between assets would not take into account future potential events: It is a commonly stated and well recognised limitation that past performance is not a reliable indicator of future performance.
- Model risk, in general terms, is a known limitation that includes: the quality or accuracy of the underlying data, where significant events occur within the data, the changing sensitivity of the Funds' assets to external market factors over time, and appreciating that using only one model may be limiting in itself to obtaining the best understanding of a Funds' risk position.

The Responsible Entity acknowledges these limitations and thus compares ex-ante and ex-post risk estimates to review expectations versus actual outcomes. Should ex-post values differ significantly from ex-ante returns, an assessment of the reasons for this will be made.

The Funds' risk is managed with constant review of both performance and risk numbers by the investment professionals within the business. These reviews consist of:

- Weekly meetings between the global members of Risk & Quantitative Analysis (RQA). These meetings include RQA Australia.
- Monthly meetings between RQA and the Fund Managers.
- Monthly meetings between RQA and the Chief Investment Officer.
- Ad hoc presentations to the Investment Risk Management Working Group (IRMWG) to keep IRMWG abreast of RQA processes and latest updates.
- Daily report of performance figures along with a comparison of ex-ante versus ex-post returns sent to RQA London.
- RQA professionals sitting and working closely with the Fund Managers every day.

3 Financial Risk Management (continued)

(c) Credit Risk Exposure

Credit risk is the risk that the counterparty will fail to perform contractual obligations, either in whole or in part, when they fall due.

Credit risk primarily arises from the Funds' investment in debt instruments and from trading derivative products. Other credit risk arises from cash and cash equivalents, deposits with banks and other financial institutions, amounts due from brokers and other receivables. None of these assets are impaired nor past due but not impaired.

Market prices generally incorporate credit risk assessments into valuations and risk of loss is implicitly provided for in the carrying value of financial assets and liabilities as they are marked to market.

(i) Interest Bearing Securities

The Funds do not have any direct holding in interest bearing securities. As a result, the Funds may be exposed to other credit risk from cash and cash equivalents, deposits with banks and other financial institutions, amounts due from brokers and other receivables.

(ii) Derivatives

All exchange traded derivatives are executed through brokers, and cleared through a clearing broker and approved by the IRMWG. Over the counter derivative transactions are conducted only with approved counterparties, who meet the applicable specific Funds requirements and where trading documentation is in place.

To minimise credit risk, the Funds only transact with counterparties of investment grade quality (BBB- or above as rated by Standard & Poor's). The Responsible Entity has a process in place to assess the creditworthiness of counterparties and assess that the risk is evenly distributed. Matters arising in relation to counterparties are reviewed regularly by the RQA.

(iii) Settlement of Securities Transactions

All transactions are settled/paid for upon delivery using approved brokers. The risk of default is considered minimal as delivery of securities sold is only made once the broker has received payment. Payment is made on a purchase once the securities have been received by the broker. The trade will fail if either party fails to meet its obligation.

(iv) Other Credit Risk

The exposure to credit risk for cash and cash equivalents, deposits with banks and other financial institutions is considered to be minimal due to the high credit rating of the relevant financial institution. VaR analysis is also used to manage and measure the credit risk of the Funds.

The Funds are not materially exposed to credit risk on other financial assets.

The maximum exposure to credit risk at the reporting date is the carrying amount of cash and cash equivalents and other financial assets. None of these assets are impaired nor past due but not impaired.

The clearing and depository operations for the Funds' security transactions are mainly concentrated with one counterparty, namely JP Morgan Chase Bank NA ("J.P. Morgan"). J.P. Morgan is a member of a major securities exchange, and at 30 June 2019 had a credit rating of A-1 (30 June 2018: A-1). At 30 June 2019, substantially all cash and cash equivalents, balances due from brokers and investments are held in custody by J.P. Morgan.

(d) Liquidity and Cash Flow Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Funds may not be able to generate sufficient cash resources to settle its obligations in full as they fall due or can only do so on terms that are materially disadvantageous. The Statements of Financial Position are presented on a liquidity basis and discussed in Note 2(a).

The Funds are exposed to daily cash redemptions of redeemable units and daily margin calls on derivatives. The liquidity risks associated with the need to satisfy unitholders' requests for redemptions are mitigated by maintaining adequate liquidity to satisfy usual redemption volumes and restricting the investment activities of the Funds to securities that are actively traded and highly liquid. The Funds also maintain continuous monitoring of forecast and actual cash flows and matching the maturity profiles of financial assets and liabilities. The Responsible Entity considers and maintains the liquidity of the Funds, in the context of the investment objectives and liquidity requirements of the Funds. Operational procedures are in place to review margin requirements on futures contracts. IRMWG reviews liquidity reports to ensure the Funds have sufficient liquidity to pay client redemptions and meet margin calls as required.

3 Financial Risk Management (continued)

(d) Liquidity and Cash Flow Risk (continued)

The following tables analyse the Funds' financial liabilities and derivative financial instruments (as appropriate) into relevant maturity groupings based on the remaining period at the reporting date to the contractual maturity date. The amounts in the tables are contractual undiscounted cash flows.

BlackRock Australian Share Fund							
At 30 June 2019	Less than 1 month \$'000	1 - 3 months \$'000	3 - 6 months \$'000	6 - 12 months \$'000	1-3 years \$'000	3+ years \$'000	Total \$'000
Liabilities							
Distribution payable	(1,384)	-	-	-	-	-	(1,384)
Payables	<u>(305)</u>	<u>(355)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(660)</u>
Total liabilities	<u>(1,689)</u>	<u>(355)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(2,044)</u>

BlackRock Australian Share Fund							
At 30 June 2018	Less than 1 month \$'000	1 - 3 months \$'000	3 - 6 months \$'000	6 - 12 months \$'000	1-3 years \$'000	3+ years \$'000	Total \$'000
Liabilities							
Distribution payable	(14,694)	-	-	-	-	-	(14,694)
Payables	<u>(259)</u>	<u>(441)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(700)</u>
Total liabilities	<u>(14,953)</u>	<u>(441)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(15,394)</u>

BlackRock Australian Share Fund Plus							
At 30 June 2019	Less than 1 month \$'000	1 - 3 months \$'000	3 - 6 months \$'000	6 - 12 months \$'000	1-3 years \$'000	3+ years \$'000	Total \$'000
Liabilities							
Distribution payable	(431)	-	-	-	-	-	(431)
Payables	<u>(54)</u>	<u>(186)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(240)</u>
Total liabilities	<u>(485)</u>	<u>(186)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(671)</u>

BlackRock Australian Share Fund Plus							
At 30 June 2018	Less than 1 month \$'000	1 - 3 months \$'000	3 - 6 months \$'000	6 - 12 months \$'000	1-3 years \$'000	3+ years \$'000	Total \$'000
Liabilities							
Distribution payable	(4,941)	-	-	-	-	-	(4,941)
Payables	<u>(61)</u>	<u>(206)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(267)</u>
Total liabilities	<u>(5,002)</u>	<u>(206)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(5,208)</u>

3 Financial Risk Management (continued)

(d) Liquidity and Cash Flow Risk (continued)

BlackRock Balanced Fund							
At 30 June 2019	Less than 1 month \$'000	1 - 3 months \$'000	3 - 6 months \$'000	6 - 12 months \$'000	1-3 years \$'000	3+ years \$'000	Total \$'000
Liabilities							
Distribution payable	(2,060)	-	-	-	-	-	(2,060)
Payables	<u>(44)</u>	<u>(35)</u>	-	-	-	-	<u>(79)</u>
Total liabilities	<u>(2,104)</u>	<u>(35)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(2,139)</u>

BlackRock Balanced Fund							
At 30 June 2018	Less than 1 month \$'000	1 - 3 months \$'000	3 - 6 months \$'000	6 - 12 months \$'000	1-3 years \$'000	3+ years \$'000	Total \$'000
Liabilities							
Distribution payable	(2,291)	-	-	-	-	-	(2,291)
Payables	<u>(33)</u>	<u>(85)</u>	-	-	-	-	<u>(118)</u>
Total liabilities	<u>(2,324)</u>	<u>(85)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(2,409)</u>

BlackRock Equity Fund							
At 30 June 2019	Less than 1 month \$'000	1 - 3 months \$'000	3 - 6 months \$'000	6 - 12 months \$'000	1-3 years \$'000	3+ years \$'000	Total \$'000
Liabilities							
Distribution payable	(166)	-	-	-	-	-	(166)
Payables	<u>(20)</u>	<u>(37)</u>	-	-	-	-	<u>(57)</u>
Total liabilities	<u>(186)</u>	<u>(37)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(223)</u>

BlackRock Equity Fund							
At 30 June 2018	Less than 1 month \$'000	1 - 3 months \$'000	3 - 6 months \$'000	6 - 12 months \$'000	1-3 years \$'000	3+ years \$'000	Total \$'000
Liabilities							
Distribution payable	(1,823)	-	-	-	-	-	(1,823)
Payables	<u>(20)</u>	<u>(44)</u>	-	-	-	-	<u>(64)</u>
Total liabilities	<u>(1,843)</u>	<u>(44)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(1,887)</u>

3 Financial Risk Management (continued)

(e) Fair Values of Financial Assets and Liabilities

The carrying amounts of the Funds' assets and liabilities at the end of each reporting period approximate their fair values.

Financial assets and liabilities held at fair value through profit or loss are measured initially at fair value. Transaction costs on financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are expensed immediately. Subsequent to initial recognition, all instruments held at fair value through profit or loss are measured at fair value with changes in their fair value recognised in the Statements of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income.

The carrying value less impairment provision of other receivables and payables are assumed to approximate their fair value. The fair value of financial liabilities for disclosure purposes is estimated by discounting the future contractual cash flows at the current market interest rate that is available to the Funds for similar financial instruments.

(i) Fair value in an active market

The fair value of financial assets and liabilities traded in active markets is based on their last traded prices at the end of the reporting period without any deduction for estimated future selling costs.

The Funds value their investments in accordance with the accounting policies set out in Note 2(b). For the majority of their investments, the Funds rely on information provided by independent pricing services for the valuation of their investments.

The quoted market price used for financial assets and financial liabilities held by the Funds is the last traded market price. Where the last traded price does not fall within the bid-ask spread, an assessment is performed by the Responsible Entity to determine the appropriate valuation price to use that is most representative of fair value.

A financial instrument is regarded as quoted in an active market if quoted prices are readily and regularly available from an exchange, dealer, broker, industry group, pricing service or regulatory agency and those prices represent actual regularly occurring market transactions on an arm's length basis.

(ii) Fair value in an inactive or unquoted market

The fair value of financial assets and liabilities that are not traded in an active market is determined using valuation techniques. These include the use of recent arm's length market transactions, reference to the current fair value of a substantially similar other instrument, discounted cash flow techniques, option pricing models or any other valuation technique that provides a reliable estimate of prices obtained in actual market transactions.

Where discounted cash flow techniques are used, estimated future cash flows are based on management's best estimates and the discount rate used is a market rate at the end of the reporting period applicable for an instrument with similar terms and conditions.

For other pricing models, inputs are based on market data at the end of the reporting period. Fair values for unquoted equity investments are estimated, if possible, using applicable price/earnings ratios for similar listed companies adjusted to reflect the specific circumstances of the issuer.

The fair value of derivatives that are not exchange traded is estimated at the amount that the Funds would receive or pay to terminate the contract at the end of the reporting period taking into account current market conditions (volatility and appropriate yield curve) and the current creditworthiness of the counterparties. The fair value of a forward foreign exchange contract is determined as a net present value of estimated future cash flows, discounted at appropriate market rates as at the valuation date.

Investments in other unlisted unit trusts are recorded at the net asset value per unit as reported by the Responsible Entity of such funds.

3 Financial Risk Management (continued)

(f) Fair Value Hierarchy

The Funds classify fair value measurements using a fair value hierarchy that reflects the subjectivity of the inputs used in making the measurements. The fair value hierarchy has the following levels:

- Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (level 1).
- Inputs other than quoted prices included within level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (that is, as prices) or indirectly (that is, derived from prices) (level 2).
- Inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (that is, unobservable inputs) (level 3).

The level in the fair value hierarchy within which the fair value measurement is categorised in its entirety is determined on the basis of the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement in its entirety. For this purpose, the significance of an input is assessed against the fair value measurement in its entirety. If a fair value measurement uses observable inputs that require significant adjustment based on unobservable inputs, that measurement is a level 3 measurement. Assessing the significance of a particular input to the fair value measurement in its entirety requires judgment, considering factors specific to the asset or liability.

The determination of what constitutes 'observable' requires significant judgment by the Responsible Entity. The Responsible Entity considers observable data to be that market data that is readily available, regularly distributed or updated, reliable and verifiable, not proprietary, and provided by independent sources that are actively involved in the relevant market.

The following tables present the Funds' financial assets and liabilities (by class) measured at fair value according to the fair value hierarchy at 30 June 2019 and 30 June 2018.

BlackRock Australian Share Fund				
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
As at 30 June 2019				
Financial assets				
Units in related schemes	-	<u>160,942</u>	-	<u>160,942</u>
Total	<u>-</u>	<u>160,942</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>160,942</u>

BlackRock Australian Share Fund				
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
As at 30 June 2018				
Financial assets				
Units in related schemes	-	<u>180,499</u>	-	<u>180,499</u>
Total	<u>-</u>	<u>180,499</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>180,499</u>

BlackRock Australian Share Fund Plus				
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
As at 30 June 2019				
Financial assets				
Units in related schemes	-	<u>57,668</u>	-	<u>57,668</u>
Total	<u>-</u>	<u>57,668</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>57,668</u>

3 Financial Risk Management (continued)

(f) Fair Value Hierarchy (continued)

	BlackRock Australian Share Fund Plus			
	Level 1 \$'000	Level 2 \$'000	Level 3 \$'000	Total \$'000
As at 30 June 2018				
Financial assets				
Units in related schemes	-	62,710	-	62,710
Total	<u>-</u>	<u>62,710</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>62,710</u>

	BlackRock Balanced Fund			
	Level 1 \$'000	Level 2 \$'000	Level 3 \$'000	Total \$'000
As at 30 June 2019				
Financial assets				
Units in related schemes	-	19,305	-	19,305
Total	<u>-</u>	<u>19,305</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>19,305</u>

	BlackRock Balanced Fund			
	Level 1 \$'000	Level 2 \$'000	Level 3 \$'000	Total \$'000
As at 30 June 2018				
Financial assets				
Units in related schemes	-	20,155	-	20,155
Total	<u>-</u>	<u>20,155</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>20,155</u>

	BlackRock Equity Fund			
	Level 1 \$'000	Level 2 \$'000	Level 3 \$'000	Total \$'000
As at 30 June 2019				
Financial assets				
Units in related schemes	-	18,956	-	18,956
Total	<u>-</u>	<u>18,956</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>18,956</u>

	BlackRock Equity Fund			
	Level 1 \$'000	Level 2 \$'000	Level 3 \$'000	Total \$'000
As at 30 June 2018				
Financial assets				
Units in related schemes	-	19,854	-	19,854
Total	<u>-</u>	<u>19,854</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>19,854</u>

Investments whose values are based on quoted market prices in active markets, and therefore classified within level 1, include active listed equities, trusts, exchange traded derivatives and money market securities.

3 Financial Risk Management (continued)

(f) Fair Value Hierarchy (continued)

Financial instruments that trade in markets that are not considered to be active but are valued based on quoted market prices, dealer quotations or alternative pricing sources supported by observable inputs are classified within level 2. These include investment grade corporate bonds, certain listed equities, certain unlisted unit trusts, and over-the-counter derivatives. As level 2 investments include positions that are not traded in active markets and/or are subject to transfer restrictions, valuations may be adjusted to reflect illiquidity and/or non-transferability, which are generally based on available market information.

Investments classified as level 2 are units in related schemes. The fair value of the units held in related schemes is determined by the unit price released as at the reporting date by the Responsible Entity for the related schemes.

Investments classified within level 3 have significant unobservable inputs, as they are infrequently traded. As observable prices are not available for these securities, the Responsible Entity has used valuation techniques to derive fair value.

The Funds' assets and liabilities not measured at fair value on a recurring basis (but fair value disclosures are required) at 30 June 2019 and 30 June 2018 have been classified as level 2. The carrying amounts of these assets and liabilities approximate their fair values as at the end of the reporting date.

The Funds did not hold any level 3 instruments during the year ended 30 June 2019 (30 June 2018: Nil).

There were no transfers between levels for recurring fair value measurements during the year ended 30 June 2019 (30 June 2018: Nil).

(g) Offsetting Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities

Financial assets and liabilities are reported on a gross basis in the Statements of Financial Position. The Funds did not hold any derivative instruments during the year ended 30 June 2019 (30 June 2018: Nil).

4 Net Gains/(Losses) on Financial Instruments Held at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss

The net gains/(losses) recognised in relation to financial assets and financial liabilities held at fair value through profit or loss:

	BlackRock Australian Share Fund		BlackRock Australian Share Fund Plus	
	Year ended		Year ended	
	30 June 2019	30 June 2018	30 June 2019	30 June 2018
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Net gain/(loss) on financial assets and liabilities held at fair value through profit or loss (including FX gains/(losses))	<u>(15,473)</u>	<u>27,254</u>	<u>(5,368)</u>	<u>9,318</u>
	<u>(15,473)</u>	<u>27,254</u>	<u>(5,368)</u>	<u>9,318</u>
	BlackRock Balanced Fund		BlackRock Equity Fund	
	Year ended		Year ended	
	30 June 2019	30 June 2018	30 June 2019	30 June 2018
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Net gain/(loss) on financial assets and liabilities held at fair value through profit or loss (including FX gains/(losses))	<u>161</u>	<u>(106)</u>	<u>(1,663)</u>	<u>2,758</u>
	<u>161</u>	<u>(106)</u>	<u>(1,663)</u>	<u>2,758</u>

5 Distributions to Unitholders

The distributions during the year were as follows:

BlackRock Australian Share Fund			
Year ended			
	30 June 2019		30 June 2018
	\$'000	CPU	\$'000
			CPU
Distributions paid - 31 December	359	0.40	258
Distributions payable - 30 June	<u>1,384</u>	1.60	<u>14,694</u>
	<u><u>1,743</u></u>		<u><u>14,952</u></u>

BlackRock Australian Share Fund Plus			
Year ended			
	30 June 2019		30 June 2018
	\$'000	CPU	\$'000
			CPU
Distributions paid - 30 September	-	-	33
Distributions paid - 31 December	325	1.16	253
Distributions paid - 31 March	57	0.20	44
Distributions payable - 30 June	<u>431</u>	1.58	<u>4,941</u>
	<u><u>813</u></u>		<u><u>5,271</u></u>

BlackRock Balanced Fund			
Year ended			
	30 June 2019		30 June 2018
	\$'000	CPU	\$'000
			CPU
Distributions paid - 31 December	71	0.43	-
Distributions payable - 30 June	<u>2,060</u>	13.20	<u>2,291</u>
	<u><u>2,131</u></u>		<u><u>2,291</u></u>

BlackRock Equity Fund			
Year ended			
	30 June 2019		30 June 2018
	\$'000	CPU	\$'000
			CPU
Distributions paid - 31 December	122	1.22	111
Distributions payable - 30 June	<u>166</u>	1.68	<u>1,823</u>
	<u><u>288</u></u>		<u><u>1,934</u></u>

6 Net Assets Attributable to Unitholders

Under AASB 132 *Financial instruments: Presentation*, puttable financial instruments meet the definition of a financial liability to be classified as equity where certain strict criteria are met. The Funds shall classify a financial instrument as an equity instrument from the date when the instrument has all the features and meets the conditions.

The Funds meet the criteria set out under AASB 132 and net assets attributable to unitholders is classified as equity.

As stipulated within the Funds' Constitutions, each unit represents a right to an individual share in the Funds and does not extend to a right to the underlying assets of the Funds. There are no separate classes of units and each unit has the same rights attaching to it as all other units of the Funds.

Movement in number of units and net assets attributable to unitholders during the year were as follows:

	BlackRock Australian Share Fund			
	30 June	30 June	30 June	30 June
	2019	2018	2019	2018
	No.'000	No.'000	\$'000	\$'000
Opening balance	88,163	91,471	179,127	161,583
Profit/(loss) for the year	-	-	(13,724)	39,747
Applications	72	386	132	762
Redemptions	(6,900)	(7,736)	(12,682)	(15,181)
Units issued upon reinvestment of distributions	5,318	4,042	10,736	7,168
Distributions paid and payable	-	-	(1,743)	(14,952)
Closing balance	<u>86,653</u>	<u>88,163</u>	<u>161,846</u>	<u>179,127</u>

	BlackRock Australian Share Fund Plus			
	30 June	30 June	30 June	30 June
	2019	2018	2019	2018
	No.'000	No.'000	\$'000	\$'000
Opening balance	27,010	27,977	62,344	55,904
Profit/(loss) for the year	-	-	(4,432)	13,986
Applications	45	219	92	513
Redemptions	(1,528)	(2,468)	(3,196)	(5,382)
Units issued upon reinvestment of distributions	1,753	1,282	3,974	2,594
Distributions paid and payable	-	-	(813)	(5,271)
Closing balance	<u>27,280</u>	<u>27,010</u>	<u>57,969</u>	<u>62,344</u>

	BlackRock Balanced Fund			
	30 June	30 June	30 June	30 June
	2019	2018	2019	2018
	No.'000	No.'000	\$'000	\$'000
Opening balance	16,139	16,272	19,963	20,763
Profit/(loss) for the year	-	-	1,941	1,764
Applications	13	114	16	150
Redemptions	(1,927)	(1,692)	(2,426)	(2,267)
Units issued upon reinvestment of distributions	1,377	1,445	1,700	1,844
Distributions paid and payable	-	-	(2,131)	(2,291)
Closing balance	<u>15,602</u>	<u>16,139</u>	<u>19,063</u>	<u>19,963</u>

6 Net Assets Attributable to Unitholders (continued)

	BlackRock Equity Fund			
	30 June 2019	30 June 2018	30 June 2019	30 June 2018
	No.'000	No.'000	\$'000	\$'000
Opening balance	9,415	9,320	19,597	16,986
Profit/(loss) for the year	-	-	(1,373)	4,465
Applications	6	5	10	10
Redemptions	(283)	(638)	(535)	(1,270)
Units issued upon reinvestment of distributions	743	728	1,521	1,340
Distributions paid and payable	-	-	(288)	(1,934)
Closing balance	<u>9,881</u>	<u>9,415</u>	<u>18,932</u>	<u>19,597</u>

Capital Risk Management

The Funds manage their net assets attributable to unitholders as capital. The amount of net assets attributable to unitholders can change significantly on a daily basis as the Funds are subject to daily applications and redemptions at the discretion of unitholders.

The Funds monitor the level of daily applications and redemptions relative to the liquid assets in the Funds. As of 30 June 2019 the capital of the Funds are represented in the net assets attributable to unitholders table.

In the event of a significant redemption, the Funds' Constitutions allows the delay of payment beyond the usual redemption timeframe but no later than the maximum number of days specified in the Constitution for satisfying redemption requests. Further, in certain circumstances such as disrupted markets, the Constitution allows payment to be delayed beyond the maximum number of days.

7 Financial Assets Held at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss

	BlackRock Australian Share Fund		BlackRock Australian Share Fund Plus	
	As at		As at	
	30 June 2019	30 June 2018	30 June 2019	30 June 2018
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Units in related schemes	<u>160,942</u>	<u>180,499</u>	<u>57,668</u>	<u>62,710</u>
Total financial assets held at fair value through profit or loss	<u>160,942</u>	<u>180,499</u>	<u>57,668</u>	<u>62,710</u>

	BlackRock Balanced Fund		BlackRock Equity Fund	
	As at		As at	
	30 June 2019	30 June 2018	30 June 2019	30 June 2018
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Units in related schemes	<u>19,305</u>	<u>20,155</u>	<u>18,956</u>	<u>19,854</u>
Total financial assets held at fair value through profit or loss	<u>19,305</u>	<u>20,155</u>	<u>18,956</u>	<u>19,854</u>

An overview of the risk exposures relating to financial assets held at fair value through profit or loss is included in Note 3.

8 Receivables

	BlackRock Australian Share Fund		BlackRock Australian Share Fund Plus	
	As at		As at	
	30 June 2019	30 June 2018	30 June 2019	30 June 2018
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Settlements receivable	126	-	-	24
Interest receivable	1	1	-	-
Distributions from related schemes receivable	2,186	13,236	783	4,598
Fee rebates from related schemes receivable	-	-	-	-
Other receivables	54	62	14	16
Total	<u>2,367</u>	<u>13,299</u>	<u>797</u>	<u>4,638</u>

	BlackRock Balanced Fund		BlackRock Equity Fund	
	As at		As at	
	30 June 2019	30 June 2018	30 June 2019	30 June 2018
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Settlements receivable	14	48	-	-
Interest receivable	-	-	-	-
Distributions from related schemes receivable	1,814	2,097	141	1,574
Fee rebates from related schemes receivable	30	32	48	53
Other receivables	3	3	-	-
Total	<u>1,861</u>	<u>2,180</u>	<u>189</u>	<u>1,627</u>

There are no past due (not impaired) or allowance for doubtful debts included in the above receivables as at 30 June 2019 (30 June 2018: Nil).

9 Payables

	BlackRock Australian Share Fund		BlackRock Australian Share Fund Plus	
	As at		As at	
	30 June 2019	30 June 2018	30 June 2019	30 June 2018
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Redemptions payable	83	2	-	13
Management fees payable	436	513	107	122
Other payables	141	185	133	132
Total	<u>660</u>	<u>700</u>	<u>240</u>	<u>267</u>

9 Payables (continued)

	BlackRock Balanced Fund		BlackRock Equity Fund	
	As at		As at	
	30 June 2019 \$'000	30 June 2018 \$'000	30 June 2019 \$'000	30 June 2018 \$'000
Redemptions payable	13	45	-	-
Management fees payable	61	65	35	39
Other payables	5	8	22	25
Total	79	118	57	64

10 Related Party Transactions

Responsible Entity

The Responsible Entity of the BlackRock Investment Funds is BlackRock Investment Management (Australia) Limited (ABN 13 006 165 975, AFSL 230523) whose ultimate holding company is BlackRock, Inc.

BlackRock Investment Management (Australia) Limited is incorporated in Australia and BlackRock, Inc. is incorporated in the United States of America.

Key management personnel

Directors

Key management personnel include persons who were directors of the Responsible Entity at any time during the financial year as follows:

Director	Date appointed	Date resigned
M S McCorry	Appointed 2 December 2009	
A Telfer	Appointed 12 December 2013	
S Flatman	Appointed 28 January 2015	
J Collins	Appointed 29 July 2015	
D Rohe	Appointed 27 July 2016	Resigned 6 May 2019

Other key management personnel

No other person had authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the Funds, directly or indirectly during the financial year (30 June 2018: Nil).

Key management personnel unitholdings

At 30 June 2019 no key management personnel held units in the Funds (30 June 2018: Nil).

Key management personnel compensation

Key management personnel are paid by the Responsible Entity. Payments made from the Funds to the Responsible Entity do not include any amounts attributable to the compensation of key management personnel.

Key management personnel loan disclosures

The Funds have not made, guaranteed or secured, directly or indirectly, any loans to the key management personnel or their personally related entities at any time during the reporting period.

10 Related Party Transactions (continued)

Responsible Entity's fees and other transactions

In accordance with the Funds' Constitution, the Responsible Entity was entitled to receive fees for the provision of services to the Funds.

	Management fees	Expense reimbursement	Fee rebates from related schemes
At 30 June 2019	\$	\$	\$
BlackRock Australian Share Fund	2,653,125	575,371	-
BlackRock Australian Share Fund Plus	642,806	189,555	-
BlackRock Balanced Fund	361,180	23,762	175,946
BlackRock Equity Fund	207,008	51,449	283,589
	Management fees	Expense reimbursement	Fee rebates from related schemes
At 30 June 2018	\$	\$	\$
BlackRock Australian Share Fund	2,872,277	622,898	-
BlackRock Australian Share Fund Plus	678,986	197,040	-
BlackRock Balanced Fund	398,481	23,388	196,029
BlackRock Equity Fund	214,743	50,225	294,599

10 Related Party Transactions (continued)

Investments

The Funds held investments in the following schemes which were also managed by the Responsible Entity or its related parties:

BlackRock Australian Share Fund

30 June 2019	Number of units held at year end Units	Fair value of units held at year end \$	Value of units purchased during the year \$	Value of units sold during the year \$	Interest held at year end %	Distributions received/ receivable during the year \$
BlackRock Concentrated Industrial Share Fund	131,355,150	160,941,978	11,928,964	16,012,549	32.37	4,967,830

BlackRock Australian Share Fund

30 June 2018	Number of units held at year end Units	Fair value of units held at year end \$	Value of units purchased during the year \$	Value of units sold during the year \$	Interest held at year end %	Distributions received/ receivable during the year \$
BlackRock Concentrated Industrial Share Fund	135,274,382	180,498,638	12,195,975	18,627,958	37.71	15,982,798

BlackRock Australian Share Fund Plus

30 June 2019	Number of units held at year end Units	Fair value of units held at year end \$	Value of units purchased during the year \$	Value of units sold during the year \$	Interest held at year end %	Distributions received/ receivable during the year \$
BlackRock Concentrated Industrial Share Fund	47,066,389	57,667,763	4,304,569	3,977,864	11.60	1,767,691

BlackRock Australian Share Fund Plus

30 June 2018	Number of units held at year end Units	Fair value of units held at year end \$	Value of units purchased during the year \$	Value of units sold during the year \$	Interest held at year end %	Distributions received/ receivable during the year \$
BlackRock Concentrated Industrial Share Fund	46,997,782	62,709,845	4,436,565	6,282,066	13.10	5,543,568

10 Related Party Transactions (continued)

Investments (continued)

BlackRock Balanced Fund

30 June 2019	Number of units held at year end Units	Fair value of units held at year end \$	Value of units purchased during the year \$	Value of units sold during the year \$	Interest held at year end %	Distributions received/ receivable during the year \$
Blackrock Tactical Growth Fund	11,483,746	19,305,406	1,690,451	2,698,986	3.89	1,990,276

BlackRock Balanced Fund

30 June 2018	Number of units held at year end Units	Fair value of units held at year end \$	Value of units purchased during the year \$	Value of units sold during the year \$	Interest held at year end %	Distributions received/ receivable during the year \$
Blackrock Tactical Growth Fund	12,051,111	20,155,134	1,526,801	2,525,390	3.75	2,097,334

BlackRock Equity Fund

30 June 2019	Number of units held at year end Units	Fair value of units held at year end \$	Value of units purchased during the year \$	Value of units sold during the year \$	Interest held at year end %	Distributions received/ receivable during the year \$
BlackRock Australian Share Fund Plus	8,920,403	18,955,651	1,321,812	559,562	32.70	263,604

BlackRock Equity Fund

30 June 2018	Number of units held at year end Units	Fair value of units held at year end \$	Value of units purchased during the year \$	Value of units sold during the year \$	Interest held at year end %	Distributions received/ receivable during the year \$
BlackRock Australian Share Fund Plus	8,601,685	19,854,169	783,621	1,281,172	31.84	1,678,147

10 Related Party Transactions (continued)

Related party schemes' unit holdings

Parties related to the Funds including the Responsible Entity, its related parties or other schemes managed by the Responsible Entity held units in the Funds as follows:

BlackRock Australian Share Fund Plus

30 June 2019	Number of units held opening	Number of units held closing	Interest held at year end	Number of units acquired	Number of units disposed	Distributions paid/payable by the fund
Unitholder	Units	Units	%	Units	Units	\$
BlackRock Equity Fund	8,601,685	8,920,403	32.70	585,375	266,657	263,604

BlackRock Australian Share Fund Plus

30 June 2018	Number of units held opening	Number of units held closing	Interest held at year end	Number of units acquired	Number of units disposed	Distributions paid/payable by the fund
Unitholder	Units	Units	%	Units	Units	\$
BlackRock Equity Fund	8,804,677	8,601,685	31.84	386,125	589,117	1,678,147

Other transactions with the Funds

Apart from those details disclosed in this note, no key management personnel have entered into a material contract with the Funds since the end of the previous financial year and there were no material contracts involving key management personnel's interests subsisting at year end.

11 Remuneration of Auditor

During the year the following fees were paid or payable for services provided by the auditor of the Funds:

	BlackRock Australian Share Fund		BlackRock Australian Share Fund Plus	
	30 June 2019	30 June 2018	30 June 2019	30 June 2018
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu				
Audit and review of the financial statements	9,116	9,116	9,116	9,116
Other services	<u>1,264</u>	<u>1,264</u>	<u>1,264</u>	<u>1,264</u>
Total	<u>10,380</u>	<u>10,380</u>	<u>10,380</u>	<u>10,380</u>
	BlackRock Balanced Fund		BlackRock Equity Fund	
	30 June 2019	30 June 2018	30 June 2019	30 June 2018
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu				
Audit and review of the financial statements	9,116	9,116	9,116	9,116
Other services	<u>1,264</u>	<u>1,264</u>	<u>1,264</u>	<u>1,264</u>
Total	<u>10,380</u>	<u>10,380</u>	<u>10,380</u>	<u>10,380</u>

Other services relate to the audit of the Funds' compliance plans. The audit fees paid or payable are discharged by the Responsible Entity from the fees earned from the Funds.

12 Reconciliation of Profit/(Loss) to Net Cash Inflow/(Outflow) from Operating Activities

	BlackRock Australian Share Fund		BlackRock Australian Share Fund Plus	
	Year ended		Year ended	
	30 June 2019 \$'000	30 June 2018 \$'000	30 June 2019 \$'000	30 June 2018 \$'000
(a) Reconciliation of operating profit/(loss) to net cash inflow/(outflow) from operating activities				
Operating profit/(loss) for the year	(13,724)	39,747	(4,432)	13,986
Net (gains)/losses on financial assets and liabilities held at fair value through profit or loss (including FX (gains)/losses)	15,473	(27,254)	5,368	(9,318)
Proceeds from sale of financial instruments held at fair value through profit or loss	15,887	18,744	4,003	6,299
Purchases of financial instruments held at fair value through profit or loss	(70)	(481)	(45)	-
Dividends/distributions reinvested	(11,859)	(11,715)	(4,260)	(4,437)
Net change in receivables and other assets	11,058	(1,621)	3,817	(578)
Net change in accounts payables and accrued liabilities	<u>(121)</u>	<u>87</u>	<u>(14)</u>	<u>24</u>
Net cash inflow/(outflow) from operating activities	<u>16,644</u>	<u>17,507</u>	<u>4,437</u>	<u>5,976</u>
(b) Components of cash and cash equivalents				
Cash as at the end of the financial year as shown in the Statements of Cash Flows is reconciled to the Statements of Financial Position as follows:				
Cash	<u>581</u>	<u>723</u>	<u>175</u>	<u>204</u>
Total cash and cash equivalents	<u>581</u>	<u>723</u>	<u>175</u>	<u>204</u>
(c) Non cash financing activities				
During the year, the following distribution payments were satisfied by the issue of units under the distribution reinvestment plan				
	10,736	7,168	3,974	2,594

The changes in these amount each year (as reported in (c) above) represents a non-cash financing cost as it is not settled in cash until such time as it becomes attributable (i.e. taxable).

12 Reconciliation of Profit/(Loss) to Net Cash Inflow/(Outflow) from Operating Activities (continued)

	BlackRock Balanced Fund		BlackRock Equity Fund	
	Year ended		Year ended	
	30 June 2019	30 June 2018	30 June 2019	30 June 2018
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
(a) Reconciliation of operating profit/(loss) to net cash inflow/(outflow) from operating activities				
Operating profit/(loss) for the year	1,941	1,764	(1,373)	4,465
Net (gains)/losses on financial assets and liabilities held at fair value through profit or loss (including FX (gains)/losses)	(161)	106	1,663	(2,758)
Proceeds from sale of financial instruments held at fair value through profit or loss	2,735	2,477	559	1,282
Purchases of financial instruments held at fair value through profit or loss	(8)	(121)	(25)	(19)
Dividends/distributions reinvested	(1,682)	(1,406)	(1,299)	(765)
Net change in receivables and other assets	285	97	1,438	(531)
Net change in accounts payables and accrued liabilities	(7)	(10)	(7)	8
Net cash inflow/(outflow) from operating activities	<u>3,103</u>	<u>2,907</u>	<u>956</u>	<u>1,682</u>
(b) Components of cash and cash equivalents				
Cash as at the end of the financial year as shown in the Statements of Cash Flows is reconciled to the Statements of Financial Position as follows:				
Cash	<u>36</u>	<u>37</u>	<u>10</u>	<u>3</u>
Total cash and cash equivalents	<u>36</u>	<u>37</u>	<u>10</u>	<u>3</u>
(c) Non cash financing activities				
During the year, the following distribution payments were satisfied by the issue of units under the distribution reinvestment plan				
	1,700	1,844	1,521	1,340

The changes in these amount each year (as reported in (c) above) represents a non-cash financing cost as it is not settled in cash until such time as it becomes attributable (i.e. taxable).

13 Events Occurring After the Reporting Period

No significant events have occurred since the end of the reporting period up to the date of signing the Annual Financial Report which would impact on the financial position of the Funds disclosed in the Statements of Financial Position as at 30 June 2019 or on the results and cash flows of the Funds for the year ended on that date.

14 Contingent Assets, Contingent Liabilities and Commitments

There are no outstanding contingent assets, contingent liabilities or commitments as at 30 June 2019 (30 June 2018: Nil).

Directors' Declaration

In the opinion of the directors of the Responsible Entity:

- (a) the financial statements and notes set out on pages 7 to 39 are in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001*, including:
 - (i) complying with Accounting Standards, the *Corporations Regulations 2001* and other mandatory professional reporting requirements; and
 - (ii) giving a true and fair view of the Funds' financial position as at 30 June 2019 and of their performance, as represented by the results of their operations; changes in equity and its cash flows, for the financial year ended on that date;
- (b) the financial statements also comply with International Financial Reporting Standards as disclosed in Note 2(a); and
- (c) there are reasonable grounds to believe that the Funds will be able to pay their debts as and when they become due and payable.

Signed in accordance with a resolution of the Responsible Entity made pursuant to s.295(5) of the Corporations Act 2001.



Director
S Flatman

Sydney
18 September 2019

Independent Auditor's Report to the Unitholders of BlackRock Investment Funds

Opinion

We have audited the financial reports of BlackRock Australian Share Fund, BlackRock Australian Share Fund Plus, BlackRock Balanced Fund, and BlackRock Equity Fund (collectively "BlackRock Investment Funds" or the "Funds"), which comprises the statements of financial position as at 30 June 2019, the statements of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, the statements of changes in equity and the statements of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information, and the directors' declaration.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial reports of the Funds is in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001*, including:

- (i) giving a true and fair view of the Funds' financial position as at 30 June 2019 and of its performance for the year then ended; and
- (ii) complying with Australian Accounting Standards and the *Corporations Regulations 2001*.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report* section of our report. We are independent of the Funds in accordance with the auditor independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001* and the ethical requirements of the Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards Board's APES 110 *Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants* (the "Code") that are relevant to our audit of the financial report in Australia. We have also fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code.

We confirm that the independence declaration required by the *Corporations Act 2001*, which has been given to the directors of BlackRock Investment Management (Australia) Limited (the "Responsible Entity"), would be in the same terms if given to the directors as at the time of this auditor's report.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Other Information

The directors of the Responsible Entity (the "Directors") are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the Directors' Report included in the financial reports for the year ended 30 June 2019, but does not include the annual financial reports and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial reports does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial reports, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial reports or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If,

based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of the Directors for the Financial Reports

The directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial reports that gives a true and fair view in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and the *Corporations Act 2001* and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial reports that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial reports, the directors are responsible for assessing the ability of the Funds' to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Fund or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Reports

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial reports as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of this financial reports.

As part of an audit in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial reports, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Funds' internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Funds' ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial reports or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Funds to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial reports, including the disclosures, and whether the financial reports represents the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with the directors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.



DELOITTE TOUCHE TOHMATSU



Neil Brown
Partner
Chartered Accountants